





# PM Formalisation of Micro Food Processing Enterprises Scheme

# DETAILED PROJECT REPORT FOR MORINGA LEAF POWDER



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# Contents

Sl.	Topic		Page
No.			
1.	The Pr	oject At a Glance	1
2.	About	of the Project	2
	2.1.	Dehydration of Fruits and Vegetables	2
	2.2.	Raw Material Requirements	2
	2.3.	Technology	3
	2.4.	Market Demand and Supply	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4
	2.5.	Marketing Strategy	3
	2.6.	Manufacturing Process	3
	2.7.	Basic Project Assumptions	
	2.8.	Fixed Capital Investment	4
		2.8.A. Land & Building	4
		2.8.B. Machinery & Equipment	5
		2.8.C. Utilities and Fittings	7
		2.8.D. Other Fixed Assets	8
		2.8.E. Pre-operative Expenses	8
		2.8.F. Total Fixed Capital Investment	8
	2.9.	Working Capital Requirement	8 9 9
	2.10.	Total Project Cost and Means of Finance	9
	2.11.	2.11. Manpower	9
	2.12.	Financial Analysis	10
	2.13.	Repayment Schedule	11
	2.14.	Assets' Depreciation	12
	2.15.	Financial Assessment of the Project	12
	2.16.	Plant Layout	14
	2.17.	Machinery Suppliers for Dehydration Unit	15
3.	Limita	tions of the Model DPR and Guidelines for Entrepreneurs	17
	3.1.	Limitations of the Model DPR	17
	3.2.	Guidelines for the Entrepreneurs	17

# 1. The Project at a Glance

1. Name of the proposed project	:	Fruits and Vegetables Dehydration Unit
2. Name of the		
entrepreneur/FPO/SHG/Cooperative	:	
3. Nature of proposed project	:	Proprietorship/Company/Partnership
4. Registered office	:	
5. Project site/location	:	
6. Names of Partner (if partnership)	:	
7. No of share holders (if company/FPC)	:	
8. Technical advisor	:	
9. Marketing advisor/partners	:	
10. Proposed project capacity	:	250 MT/annum (70, 80 & 90% capacity utilization
		in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> , 3 <sup>rd</sup> and 4 <sup>th</sup> years' onwards respectively)
11. Raw materials	:	Seasonal fruits and vegetables
12. Major product outputs	:	Dehydrated fruits and vegetables
13. Total project cost	:	Rs. 30 Lakhs
Land development, building & civil	:	Rs. 2.00 Lakhs
construction		(only for expansion of existing built-up area)
Machinery and equipments	:	Rs. 18 Lakhs
Utilities (Power & water facilities)	:	Rs. 2 Lakhs
Miscellaneous fixed assets	:	Rs. 1 Lakh
Pre-operative expenses	:	Rs. 0.32Lakhs
Contingencies	:	Rs. 2.00 Lakhs
Working capital margin	:	Rs. 4.68Lakhs
14. Working capital requirement		
• 2 <sup>nd</sup> year		Rs. 14.04Lakhs
• 3 <sup>rd</sup> year		Rs. 16.04Lakhs
• 4 <sup>th</sup> year		Rs. 18.05Lakhs
15. Means of Finance		
Subsidy grant by MoFPI (max 10 lakhs)	:	Rs. 10.00 Lakhs
• Promoter's contribution (min 20%)	:	Rs. 6.00 Lakhs
• Term loan (45%)	:	Rs. 14.00 Lakhs
16. Debt-equity ratio	:	2.33:1
17. Profit after Depreciation, Interest & Tax		
• 2 <sup>nd</sup> year	:	Rs. 8.54 Lakhs
• 3 <sup>rd</sup> year	:	Rs. 11.59 Lakhs
• 4 <sup>th</sup> year	:	Rs. 14.65 Lakhs
18. Average DSCR	:	4.79
19. Benefit-Cost Ratio	:	1.22
20. Term loan repayment	:	7 Years with 1 year grace period
21. Payback period for investment	:	4 Years

#### 2. About of the Project

#### 2.1. Dehydration of Fruits and Vegetables

India is known as the second largest fruits and vegetables producer in the world followed by China. India accounts for about 15 per cent of the world's vegetable production. In the production of many fruits and vegetables, India is either first or second. However, fruits and vegetables being perishable in nature, get wasted to the tune of 20-30 per cent in the whole supply chain due to poor post harvest management. On the other hand, only 2 per cent of fruits and vegetables are processed in to value added products and the rest is consumed as fresh. Therefore, processing of fruits and vegetables offers immense scope for wastage minimization and value addition; thus can generate significant income and employment in Indian agrarian economy.

Fruits and vegetables are seasonal as well as perishable in nature. Dehydration of seasonal fruits and vegetables are good bet for long term storage even upto 5 years or beyond if hermitically sealed and can be made available to the consumers during off season. There is immense scope of market for certain popular and high value dehydrated seasonal fruits and vegetables.

Seasonal vegetable such as carrots, okra, drum stick, bitter guard, green peas, cauliflower, cabbage, spinach, onion, sweet potato, mushroom, french bean and others; fruits such as slices of date plum, pineapple, kiwi, plum, persimmon, jackfruit, apricots, nuts, peach, mango, strawberry etc can be well preserved and made available at good prices during off season through proven dehydration technology. Therefore, small to medium scale integrated dehydration unit for fruits and vegetable can be established in potential clusters across India.

#### 2.2. Raw Material Requirements

A sustainable business unit must ensure maximum capacity utilization and thus requires an operation of minimum 280-300 days per year to get reasonable profit. Therefore, ensuring uninterrupted raw materials supply requires maintenance of adequate raw material inventory. The processor must have linkage with producers preferably FPCs through contract to get adequate quantity which otherwise gets spoiled during glut season.

#### 2.3. Technology

IIFPT has all the advanced technical know on dehydration of specific fruits, vegetables with respect to specific parameters' for getting good quality standards. These technologies are available through consultancy.

#### 2.4. Market Demand and Supply

Seasonal vegetables are part and parcel of household diet across India and fruits consumption is also picking up due to increasing income and health consciousness. Therefore, demand for fruits and vegetables are prevalent across length and breadth of the country throughout the year. However, due to specific climatic requirements availability/supply of most of these crops is seasonal. Price fluctuations between on and off season further makes it more complicated for both producers and consumers as producers get extremely low price during production season and consumers pay accessibly high price during off season. Therefore, preservation through dehydration technique can play an important role in bringing the demand and supply gap narrower and make win-win situation for both producers and consumers.

#### 2.5. Marketing Strategy

The increasing urbanization and income offers huge scope for marketing of dehydrated fruits and vegetables. Urban organized platforms such as departmental stores, malls, super markets can be attractive platforms to sell well packaged and branded dehydrated fruits and vegetables. Processors can also have tie-up with hotels, caterers and restaurants for supply.

#### 2.6. Manufacturing Process

Dehydration is one of the easiest processing and preservation techniques of agricultural commodities. Dehydration basically removes moistures through heat. The traditional drying process involves sun drying; however, it leads to inferior product quality. Therefore, mechanical drying through electricity/solar power offers better quality and price realization. Though different fruits and vegetables require different temperature; the optimum temperature is 140° F or 52° C as higher temperatures may 'case harden'. The product is usually dried up to 15 per cent moisture level. The general process flow chart for dehydrated fruits and vegetables is given below:



#### 2.7. Basic Project Assumptions

Capacity of Dehydration Unit : 250MT/annum.

Working hours per day : 8-10 hrs.
Working days per year : 300 days.

Interest on capital investment : 8.5% on term loan and 10 % on working capital loan.

Repayment period : Seven years with oneyear grace period is considered.

Utilization of capacity : 1<sup>st</sup> year implementation,

70% in  $2^{nd}$  year, 80% in  $3^{rd}$  year and 90% in  $4^{th}$  year

onwards.

Capacity utilization for fruits : 50%

Capacity utilization for vegetables : 50%

Average prices of raw material : Rs. 15/Kg for vegetables and for fruits Rs. 30/Kg.

Average sale prices of dried products: Dried vegetables Rs. 120/Kg and dried fruits Rs. 200/Kg.

Average recovery rate : 25%.for dried fruits and vegetables on weight basis

#### 2.8. Fixed Capital Investment

#### 2.8.A. Land & Building

The DPR is for FME scheme to upgrade/formalize existing micro enterprises which already has land & built-up area. However, they can invest to expand the built-up area as required.

i. Land 10000 Sq ft	Assumed land already developed and has 7000
ii. Built-up processing area 6000 sq ft	sq m built in area. So additional 1000 sq ft can
iii. Storage area 2000 sq ft	be built in @ Rs. 200/sq ft
	Rs. 2.00 Lakhs
Total	Rs. 2.00 Lakhs

# **2.8.B. Machinery & Equipment:** Rs. 18 Lakhs

# Option-I

Sl.	Descriptions	Power required	Area required (Sq.ft)	Qty	Amount (Rs. in lakhs)
1.	Drum Washer Capacity 25 kg/hr Washes Interior and Exterior Surfaces, Solvent, Caustic, Sanitizer, and Water washing	2 HP	25	1	3.00
2.	Abrasive Peeling Machine Capacity 25 kg / hr abrasive peeling machine has been furnished with a scraping set, provided with a very durable carborundum layer	2 HP	16	1	1.00
3.	Vegetable slicer Capacity 100 kg/hr Belt Cutting cum Dicing Machine delivered with SS Guide. SS Finish fitted with a Conveyor Belt for Slicing application controlled by Inverter and has Cast Alloy Feeder for Dicing inbuilt in the machine.	2 HP	25	1	2.00
4.	Blancher Capacity 100 kg/hr	3 HP	25	1	5.00
5.	Convective Tray dryer Capacity 100 kg	8 HP	50	2	2.000
6.	Form, Fill and Sealing machine Capacity: 50-250 gms packets Packaging: Bag or non polythenes Products: Millets flour, Pastha, and extruded products Augur type/cup type Speed: 10-12 pouches/min Product type: Fine and coarse Operation system: Fully automation/semi automatic Inbuilt Operation: Bag forming Filling, sealing, cutting and packing With speed adjustable Speed Three side seal(vertical and horizontal)	2 HP	25	1	5.00
	Total	l	I	1	18.00

# Option – II

Sl.	Descriptions	Power required	Area required (Sq.ft)	Qty	Amount (Rs. in lakhs)
1.	Drum Washer Capacity 25 kg/hr Washes Interior and Exterior Surfaces, Solvent, Caustic, Sanitizer, and Water washing	2 HP	25	1	3.00
2.	Abrasive Peeling Machine Capacity 25 kg / hr abrasive peeling machine has been furnished with a scraping set, provided with a very durable carborundum layer	2 HP	16	1	1.00
3.	Capacity 100 kg/hr Belt Cutting cum Dicing Machine delivered with SS Guide. SS Finish fitted with a Conveyor Belt for Slicing application controlled by Inverter and has Cast Alloy Feeder for Dicing inbuilt in the machine.	2 HP	25	1	2.00
4.	Blancher Capacity 100 kg/hr	3 HP	25	1	5.00
5.	Hybrid solar Dryer Capacity 100 kg	-	200	1	5.00
6.	Band Sealer Capacity: 100-300 pkts /hr Options/Fearures PID controller is provided to keep the temperature constant which ensures perfect sealing even for on thin aluminum pouches. Speed of the conveyor should be varied depends up on the sealing type	0.5 HP	5	1	0.50
7.	Tray sealer Capacity 100 kg/hr	0.5 HP		1	0.50
8.	Impulse sealer Capacity 100 kg/hr	1 HP		1	1.00
	Total	1	<u> </u>		18.00

#### Option – III

Sl.	Descriptions	Power required	Area required (Sq.ft)	Qty	Amount (Rs. in lakhs)
1.	Abrasive Peeling Machine Capacity 25 kg / hr abrasive peeling machine has been furnished with a scraping set, provided with a very durable carborundum layer	2 HP	16	1	1.00
2.	Capacity 100 kg/hr Belt Cutting cum Dicing Machine delivered with SS Guide. SS Finish fitted with a Conveyor Belt for Slicing application controlled by Inverter and has Cast Alloy Feeder for Dicing inbuilt in the machine.	2 HP	25	1	2.00
3.	Blancher Capacity 100 kg/hr	3 HP	25	1	5.00
4.	Hybrid solar Dryer Capacity 100 kg	-	200	1	5.00
5.	Form, Fill and Sealing machine Capacity: 50-250 gms packets Packaging: Bag or non polythenes Products: Millets flour, Pastha, and extruded products Augur type/cup type Speed: 10-12 pouches/min Product type: Fine and coarse Operation system: Fully automation/semi automatic Inbuilt Operation: Bag forming Filling, sealing, cutting and packing With speed adjustable Speed Three side seal(vertical and horizontal)	2 HP	25	1	5.00
	Total				18.00

# 2.8.C. Utilities and Fittings

i.	Power	Rs. 2.00 Lakhs
ii.	Water	

#### 2.8.D. Other Fixed Assets

i.	Furniture and Fixtures	Rs. 1 Lakh
ii.	Plastic trays capacity	
iii.	Electrical fittings	

#### 2.8.E. Pre-operative Expenses

Legal expenses, start-up expenses,	Rs.32000
establishment cost, consultancy fee, trial	
runs, & others	
<b>Total Pre-operative Expenses</b>	Rs.32000

#### 2.8.F. Total Fixed Capital Investment (A+B+C+D+E): Rs. 23.32 Lakhs

#### 2.9. Working Capital Requirement

Working capital is critical input in fruits and vegetables dehydration unit as raw materials are seasonal and thus need to maintain high inventories.

Working Capital Requirement (Rs. in Lakh)					
Particulars	Period	Year 2 (70%-175 MT)	Year 3(80%-200 MT)	Year 4(90%-225 MT)	
Raw material	7 days	0.91	1.04	1.17	
stock					
Work in	30 days	5.91	6.75	7.60	
progress					
Packing	30 days	0.40	0.46	0.51	
material					
Finished	15 days	3.50	4.00	4.50	
goods' stock					
Receivables	30 days	7.00	8.00	9.00	
Working	30 days	1.00	1.14	1.28	
expenses					
Total current		18.72	21.39	24.06	
assets					
Trade creditors		0	0	0	
Working		18.72	21.39	24.06	
capital gap					
Margin money		4.68	5.35	6.01	
(25%)					
Bank finance		14.04	16.04	18.05	

# 2.10. Total Project Cost and Means of Finance

Particulars	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	
i. Land and building	2.00	
ii. Plant and machinery	18.00	
iii. Utilities	2.00	
iv. Other Fixed assets	1.00	
v. Pre-operative expenses	0.32	
vi. Contingencies	2.00	
vii. Working capital margin	4.68	
Total project cost (i to vii)	30	
Means of finance		
i. Subsidy	10	
ii. Promoter's contribution	6	
iii. Term loan	14	

#### 2.11. Manpower (Monthly)

Particulars	No. & Wage	Total Salary (Rs.)
i. Manager (can be the owner)	1 @ Rs. 20000	20000
ii. Skilled worker	2 @ Rs. 10000	20000
iii. Semi skilled	2 @ Rs. 7500	15000
iv. Helper	1 @ Rs. 5000	5000
v. Sales man	1 @ Rs. 7500	7500
Total	7 persons	67500

Note: Manager, two skilled workers are permanent staffs only (Salary Rs. 40000/month). Others are causal staffs.

# 2.12. Financial Analysis

	Particulars	1st Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	3 <sup>rd</sup> Year	4 <sup>th</sup> Year	5 <sup>th</sup> Year	6 <sup>th</sup> Year	7 <sup>th</sup> Year	8th Year
A	<b>Total Installed Capacity</b>	250 MT/Y	ear Raw Fruits	s & Vegetables					
	Capacity utilization (%)	Under	175 MT	200 MT	225 MT				
		const.	(70 %)	(80 %)	(90 %)	(90 %)	(90 %)	(90 %)	(90 %)
		(0%)							
В	Expenditure calculation (Rs. in Lakh	,	T	T		T		1	T
	Raw vegetables (Av. Price @ Rs. 15/Kg)	0.00	13.12	15.00	16.87	16.87	16.87	16.87	16.87
	Raw fruits (Av. Price @ Rs. 30/Kg)	0.00	26.25	30.00	33.75	33.75	33.75	33.75	33.75
	Packaging materials	0.00	4.00	4.57	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14
	Utilities (Electricity, Fuel)	0.00	3.50	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
	Salaries	4.05	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.10	8.10
	Repair & maintenance	0.50	0.50	0.57	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64
	Insurance	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
	Miscellaneous expenses	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
	Total Expenditure	5.05	55.97	62.74	69.50	69.50	69.50	69.50	69.50
C	Sales Revenue (Rs. in Lakh)	0.00	70.00	80.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
	Sale of dried vegetables (Av. Sale Price @ Rs. 120/Kg)	0.00	26.25	30.00	33.75	33.75	33.75	33.75	33.75
	Sale of dried fruits (Av. Sale Price @ Rs. 200/Kg)	0.00	43.75	50.00	56.25	56.25	56.25	56.25	56.25
D	PBDIT (Total expTotal sales rev.) (Rs. in Lakh)/Cash Inflows	-5.05	14.03	17.26	20.50	20.50	20.50	20.50	20.50
	Depreciation on building @ 5% per annum	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07
	Depreciation on machinery @ 10% per annum	1.80	1.62	1.46	1.31	1.18	1.06	0.96	0.86
	Depreciation on other fixed assets @ 15% per annum	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.05	0.05
	Interest on term loan	1.19	1.19	1.02	0.85	0.68	0.51	0.34	0.17
	Interest on working capital	0.00	1.40	1.60	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80
E	Profit after depreciation and Interest (Rs. in Lakh)	-8.29	9.60	12.98	16.36	16.68	16.99	17.28	17.55
F	Tax (assumed 10%) (Rs. in Lakh)	0.00	0.96	1.30	1.64	1.67	1.70	1.73	1.76
G	Profit after depreciation, Interest & Tax (Rs. in Lakh)	-8.29	8.64	11.68	14.72	15.01	15.29	15.55	15.79

H	Surplus available for repayment	-5.05	11.67	14.36	17.06	17.03	17	16.97	16.94
	(PBDIT-Interest on working capital-								
	Tax) (Rs. in Lakh)								
I	Coverage available (Rs. in Lakh)	-5.05	11.67	14.36	17.06	17.03	17.00	16.97	16.94
J	Total Debt Outgo (Rs. in Lakh)	1.19	3.19	3.02	2.85	2.68	2.51	2.34	2.17
K	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-4.24	3.66	4.75	5.99	6.35	6.77	7.25	7.81
	(DSCR)								
	Average DSCR	4.79							
L	Cash accruals (PBDIT- Interest-	-6.24	10.48	13.34	16.21	16.35	16.49	16.63	16.77
	Tax) (Rs. in Lakh)								
M	Payback Period	4 Years							
	(on Rs. 30 Lakhs initial investment)								

# 2.13. Repayment Schedule

(Rs. in Lakh)

								(*	cs. III Lakii)
Year	Outstanding loan	Disburse-	Total outstanding	Surplus for	Interest	Repayment	Total	o/s Loan at the	Balance
	at start of yr.	ment	Loan	repayment	payment	of principal	outgo	end of the yr.	left
1	0	14	14	-5.05	1.19	0	1.19	14	-6.24
2	14		14	11.67	1.19	2	3.19	12	08.48
3	12		12	14.36	1.02	2	3.02	10	11.34
4	10		10	17.06	0.85	2	2.85	8	14.21
5	8		8	17.03	0.68	2	2.68	6	14.35
6	6		6	17.00	0.51	2	2.51	4	14.49
7	4		4	16.97	0.34	2	2.34	2	14.63
8	2		2	16.94	0.17	2	2.17	0	14.77

#### 2.14. Assets' Depreciation (Down Value Method)

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	1st Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	3 <sup>rd</sup> Year	4th Year	5 <sup>th</sup> Year	6th Year	7 <sup>th</sup> Year	8 <sup>th</sup> Year
Civil works	2.00	1.90	1.81	1.72	1.63	1.55	1.48	1.41
Depreciation	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07
Depreciated value	1.90	1.81	1.72	1.63	1.55	1.48	1.41	1.34
Plant & Machinery	18.00	16.20	14.58	13.12	11.81	10.63	9.57	8.61
Depreciation	1.80	1.62	1.46	1.31	1.18	1.06	0.96	0.86
Depreciated value	16.20	14.58	13.12	11.81	10.63	9.57	8.61	7.75
Other Fixed Assets	1.00	0.85	0.72	0.61	0.52	0.44	0.37	0.32
Depreciation	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.05	0.05
Depreciated value	0.85	0.72	0.61	0.52	0.44	0.37	0.32	0.27
All Assets	21	18.95	17.11	15.45	13.96	12.62	11.42	10.34
Depreciation	2.05	1.84	1.66	1.49	1.34	1.2	1.08	0.98
Depreciated value	18.00	16.20	14.59	13.15	11.85	10.68	9.63	8.69

#### 2.15. Financial Assessment of the Project

#### Benefit Cost Ratio (BCR) and Net Present Worth (NPW)

(Rs. in Lakh)

Sl.	Particulars	1st Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	3 <sup>rd</sup> Year	4th Year	5 <sup>th</sup> Year	6 <sup>th</sup> Year	7 <sup>th</sup> Year	8 <sup>th</sup> Year	
i.	Capital cost	30.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
ii.	Recurring cost	5.05	55.97	62.74	69.50	69.50	69.50	69.50	69.50	
iii.	Total cost	35.05	55.97	62.74	69.50	69.50	69.50	69.50	69.50	501.26
iv.	Benefit	0.00	70.00	80.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	
v.	Total Depreciated value of all assets								8.69	
vi.	Total benefits	0.00	70.00	80.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	98.69	608.69
	Benefit-Cost Ratio (BCR): 1.21 (Profitable project)									

Net Present Worth (NPW): 107.43

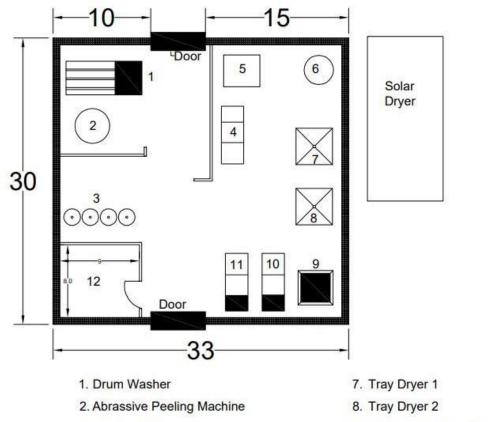
# **Break-Even Analysis**

Break Even analysis indicates costs-volume-profit relations in the short run. This is the level at which, the firm is in no loss no profit situation.

(Rs. in Lakh)

Sl.	Particulars	1st Year	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	3 <sup>rd</sup> Year	4th Year	5 <sup>th</sup> Year	6 <sup>th</sup> Year	7 <sup>th</sup> Year	8 <sup>th</sup> Year
	Capacity utilization	Under	175 MT (70	200 MT (80	225 MT (90	225 MT (90	225 MT	225 MT	225 MT
		const. (0%)	%)	%)	%)	%)	(90 %)	(90 %)	(90 %)
A	Fixed Cost								
	Permanent staff salaries	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80
	Depreciation on building @ 5% per annum	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07
	Depreciation on machinery @ 10% per annum	1.80	1.62	1.46	1.31	1.18	1.06	0.96	0.86
	Depreciation on other fixed assets @ 15% per annum	0.15	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.05	0.05
	Interest on term loan	1.19	1.19	1.02	0.85	0.68	0.51	0.34	0.17
	Insurance	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
	<b>Total Fixed Cost</b>	8.14	7.93	7.58	7.24	6.92	6.61	6.32	6.05
В	Sales Revenue	0.00	70.00	80.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00
C	Variable Cost								
	Raw vegetables (Av. Price @ Rs. 15/Kg)	0.00	13.12	15.00	16.87	16.87	16.87	16.87	16.87
	Raw fruits (Av. Price @ Rs. 30/Kg)	0.00	26.25	30.00	33.75	33.75	33.75	33.75	33.75
	Packaging materials	0.00	4.00	4.57	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14	5.14
	Casual staff salaries	0.00	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30
	Utilities (Electricity, Fuel)	0.00	3.50	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
	Repair & maintenance	0.50	0.50	0.57	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64
	Miscellaneous expenses	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40
	Interest on working capital	0.00	1.40	1.60	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.80
	Total Variable Cost	0.90	52.47	59.44	66.40	66.40	66.40	66.40	66.40
D	Break Even Point (BEP) as % of sale	-	45.00	37.00	31.00	29.00	28.00	27.00	26.00
	Break Even Point (BEP) in terms of sale value (Rs. in Lakhs)	-	31.50	29.60	27.90	26.10	25.20	24.30	23.40

#### 2.16. Plant Layout



- 3. Storage Bins
- 4. Slicer / Chopper / Crater
- 5. Blanger
- 6. Steam Boiler

- 9. Form, Fill and Seal Machine
- 10.Tray & Band Sealer
- 11.Impulse Sealer
- 12.Storage Room

All Dimensions are in Feet

# **2.17.** Machinery Suppliers for Dehydration Unit

S. No.	Name of the Manufacturers	Name of the Machineries
1.	M/s Industrial Fabricators	Tray dryers, fluid bed dryers, industrial
	2321, Lane Adj.BoB, GIDC, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Phase Vapi., Gujarat	ovens, continuous dryrs, SS/MS vessels
	396196. Mobile:+91 9998540492	and heavy duty strucutrues
	response@dryersindia.com	
2.	M/s Accelor Food Tech Pvt Ltd	Blancher with washer, tray dryer, boiler,
	22, RVL Nagar, Uppilipalayam Post,	multi stage pulversier, ribbon blender,
	Coimbatore - 641 015,	double deck tunnel dryer, filling machine
	Tamilnadu, India.	
	Mobile: 9994411095	
3.	M/s Pilotsmith (India) Pvt. Ltd.,	Drying and dehydration process plant
	Kallettumkara P.O., Thrissur - 680 683	
	Tel.No.:+91-4802881157	
4.	M/s ALFAGREEN	Solar Tunnel Dryer
	Coimbatore	
	Tel.No.: 0422 2929447	
	Mobile: 094434 68527	
	Website: www.alfagreen.in	
5.	M/s Sun Best Solar	Solar dryers
	Address: 238/10 Nehruji Road, Valli Nagar	
	Theni Allinagaram-625 531	
	Tel.No.: 04546 255 374	
6.	M/s Energy Microwave Systems Pvt.Ltd.,	Continuous drying system
	# 48/D-156/2, H.M.Udyamnagar,	
	4th, 'N' Block, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Stage, Rajaji Nagar	
_	Bangalore-560 010	т. Б.:
7.	M/s Industrial Laboratory	Tray Drier
	PB.No:6063, No:38, 1st Floor, 2nd Street	
	Anjugam, 5 No. Gam JaferKabent Chennai	
	Mobile: +91- 9840836548	
8.	M/s Lakshmi Card Clothing Manufacturing	Radio Frequency Dryer
0.	Company Pvt.Ltd	radio Frequency Bryer
	Coimbatore- 641 037	
	Tel.No.: 0422-2240205	
	Mobile: 98432-77350	
	Email: karuna@lakshmicardclothing.com	
	Website: www.lakshmicardclothing.com	
9.	M/s Sri Bramha Industries	Steam Blancher, Boiler, SS double
	ERS complex, Opposite to SIT Trichy-Thanjavur road,	jacketed kettles, racks, storage bins,
	AriyamangalamTrichy- 620010	working table and utensils
	Mobile: 9842471388, 9842471326, 9865699922	
	Email:bramhaindustries@gmail.com,	
	ramhabhoy@gmail.com	
10.	M/s Fowler Westrup India (Pvt) Ltd.	Cleaning/grading plant
	Plot 249/250, Bommasandra	
	Indl. Estate, 3rd Phase	
	Bangalore - 562 158, Tel. No.	
	Dangarore - 302 130, 101.110.	

	080-7832991, Fax : 080-	
	7832990	
11.	M/s Bansal Flour Mill Engineers	Flour mill machinery, roller mills,
	A/8, RajasthaniUdyog Nagar	plansifier, purifier, cleaning, sorting,
	New Delhi-110 002, India.	pneumatic conveyors, erection, cleaning
	Tel.No.: 011-27426944, Fax: 011-27224819	
12.	M/s Ankon Engineering	Ribbon blender
	518/B, Devarachikkanahalli Road, Bilekahalli	
	Bannerghatta Road, Bengaluru - 560076	
13.	M/s Ramtech Refrigeration Private Limited	Blancher with washer, conveyors
	5 & 6, Sathish Nagar,	
	ThirumudivakkamKanniammanKoil Street, Chennai –	
	600 044, Mobile : 08071804548	
14.	M/s Pearl Packaging	Form fill sealing and packing unit
	652/1,Sri CV Raman Industrial Estate, Near Rathinam	
	College Eachanari (PO), Coimbatore – 641 021	
	Tel. No.:0422 6529795	
	Mobile: +91-9994917322, 9443378322	
15.	M/s Durapak	Band sealing machine
	Old No.4, New No. 12, Norton First Street,	
	Mandaivellipakkam, 1st St, Krishnapuri, Raja	
	AnnamalaiPuram, Chennai - 600 028	
	Tel.No.: +91 - 44 4303 3533	
16.	M/s ATMA TECHNOLOGIES	Weighing machines
	NewNo.97,SouthSivanKoilStreet,	
	LandMark(BehindKamalaCinema),	
	NearK.M.GKalyanaMandapam	
	Vadapalani, Chennai – 600 026.	
	Tel.No.: +91-44-2372 8922	
	Mobile: +91-98401 13136 / +91-90030 26293	
	Fax: +91-44-2480 6230	

#### 3. Limitations of the Model DPR and Guidelines for Entrepreneurs

#### 3.1. Limitations of the Model DPR

- i. This model DPR has provided only the basic standard components and methodology to be adopted by an entrepreneur while submitting a proposal under the Formalization of Micro Food Processing Enterprises Scheme of MoFPI.
- ii. This is a model DPR made to provide general methodological structure not for specific entrepreneur/crops/location. Therefore, information on the entrepreneur, forms and structure (proprietorship/partnership/cooperative/ FPC/joint stock company) of his business, details of proposed DPR, project location, raw material base/contract sourcing, entrepreneurs own SWOT analysis, detailed market research, rationale of the project for specific location, community advantage/benefit from the project, employment generation and many more detailed aspects not included.
- iii. The present DPR is based on certain assumptions on cost, prices, interest, capacity utilization, output recovery rate and so on. However, these assumptions in reality may vary across places, markets and situations; thus the resultant calculations will also change accordingly.
- iv. This particular DPR is made on three components of means of finance i.e. grant, owner's contribution and loan/debt as followed in many central sector schemes. However, if the DPR is for credit linked subsidy then the calculation may slightly change without changes in the general structure and methodology adopted in the DPR.

#### 3.2. Guidelines for the Entrepreneurs

- i. The success of any prospective food processing project depends on how closer the assumptions made in the initial stage are with the reality of the targeted market/place/situation. Therefore, the entrepreneurs must do its homework as realistic as possible on the assumed parameters.
- ii. This model DPR must be made more comprehensive by the entrepreneur by including information on the entrepreneur, forms and structure (proprietorship/partnership/cooperative/FPC/joint stock company) of entrepreneur's business, project location, raw material base/contract sourcing, entrepreneurs own SWOT analysis, detailed market research, comprehensive dehydrated product mix based on demand, rationale of the project for specific location, community advantage/benefit from the project, employment generation, production/availability of the raw materials/crops in the targeted area/clusters and many more relevant aspects for acceptance and approval of the competent authority.

- iii. The entrepreneur must be efficient in managing the strategic, financial, operational, material and marketing aspects of a business. In spite of the assumed parameter being closely realistic, a project may become unsustainable if the entrepreneur does not possess the required efficiency in managing different aspects of the business and respond effectively in changing situations.
- iv. The machineries should be purchased after thorough market research and satisfactory demonstration.
- v. The entrepreneur must ensure uninterrupted quality raw materials' supply and maintain optimum inventory levels for uninterrupted operations management.
- vi. The entrepreneur must possess a strategic look to steer the business in upward trajectory.
- vii. The entrepreneur must maintain optimum (not more or less) inventory, current assets. Selecting optimum source of finance, not too high debt-equity ratio, proper capital budgeting and judicious utilization of surplus profit for expansion is must.
- viii. The entrepreneur must explore prospective markets through extensive research, find innovative marketing strategy, and maintain quality, adjust product mix to demand.
- ix. The entrepreneur must provide required documents on land, financial transaction, balance sheet, further project analysis as required by the competent authority for approval.
- x. The entrepreneur must be hopeful and remain positive in attitude.

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# **Contact Us**

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